

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

Southern Plains Regional Field Office

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Issue: TX-CW1515 Weekly Summary for April 20- April 26 Released: April 27, 2015

Most areas of the state reported measurable rainfall for the week. Areas of the Blacklands and South Central Texas received up to 8 inches of rain while the Southern High Plains and the Trans Pecos reported totals from a quarter to a half inch. A few scattered areas of the Southern High Plains reported no precipitation. Hail damage and strong winds were reported in areas of the Northern Plains, the Southern Low Plains, the Upper Coast, and South Texas.

Small Grains: Winter wheat and oats continued to mature throughout the state, with hail damage reported in areas of the High Plains. Areas of South Central Texas experienced some damage due to high winds.

Crop Progress								
Ctono	Percent of Acreage							
Stage	Current	Prev. Week	Prev. Year	5 Year Avg				
Corn				_				
Planted	56	51	63	66				
Emerged	49	37	54	56				
Cotton								
Planted	9	7	15	17				
Peanuts								
Planted	1	N/A	2	3				
Rice								
Planted	64	61	78	87				
Emerged	61	30	64	69				
Sorghum								
Planted	57	46	66	61				
Soybeans								
Planted	21	12	26	56				
Emerged	3	N/A	3	9				
Sunflowers								
Planted	38	10	13	21				
Winter Wheat								
Headed	60	50	48	51				
Oats								
Headed	65	40	67	78				

Row Crops: Cotton planting remained active in areas of the Northern Plains, meanwhile cotton emerged in areas of South Texas. Corn, sorghum, and soybeans continued to progress with aid from last week's rainfall. Areas of the Northern High Plains continued planting corn while the Blacklands experienced planting delays due to heavier rainfall.

Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crops: Vegetables progressed in North East Texas. Watermelon transplanting began in areas of South Texas, while pecan trees continued to progress in the Trans-Pecos.

Livestock, **Range and Pasture**: Livestock conditions continued to improve as a result of rainfall and improving pasture conditions; however, areas of the North East reported mosquitos, stress, and feet problems. Range and pasture continued to progress across the state allowing for adequate forage for livestock.

Crop Condition

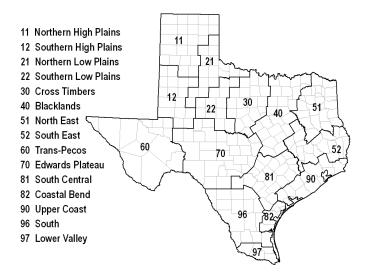
Crop		F	Index ¹				
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2015	2014
Wheat	11	41	33	10	5	72	
Oats	12	50	28	8	2	77	
Range and Pasture	19	44	27	7	3		

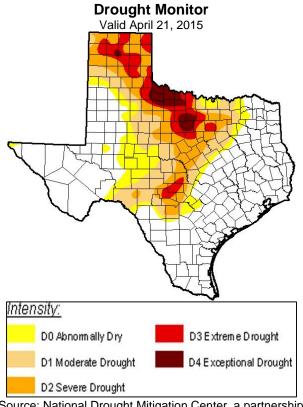
¹ The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

Top Soil Moisture Condition by District

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	Topsoil Moisture Condition by District			Subsoil Moisture Condition by District				Days Suitable for	
District	Percentage of Acreage			Percentage of Acreage					
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Fieldwork
11	13	41	44	2	21	52	27	0	4.9
12	3	35	58	4	2	45	50	3	6.4
21	4	21	70	5	7	34	56	3	5.6
22	3	44	43	10	4	16	76	4	4.0
30	2	23	69	6	13	26	60	1	4.4
40	1	9	44	46	1	3	64	32	3.6
51	6	5	37	52	6	2	41	51	4.1
52	1	7	34	58	1	8	47	44	3.8
60	19	34	41	6	18	22	48	12	6.5
70	1	25	62	12	3	21	63	13	4.8
81	0	4	65	31	1	7	75	17	4.0
82	0	0	10	90	0	1	7	92	0.0
90	0	2	28	70	1	0	31	68	1.7
96	0	2	75	23	0	18	66	16	2.9
97	0	1	13	86	1	1	59	39	2.6
State	4	23	50	23	6	25	52	17	4.4

Texas Agricultural Districts





Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, April 26, 2015

Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov